Unit 3: Projectile Motion Work Packet

I. Horizontal Projectiles

1. An object is dropped from a height of 100 m at the same time that a similar object is fired horizontally from the same height. Disregarding the effects of the atmosphere, do they hit at the same time? WHY?

YES, AS THEY BOTH RALL THEY ONLY EXPENIENCE ACCELENATION IN THE VENTICAL O MELTION. THENEFORE, THEY RALL AT THE SAME NATE ! HIT AT THE SAME TIME

2. Describe the horizontal and vertical <u>velocity</u> and <u>acceleration</u> components of a projectile fired horizontally from the top of a building.

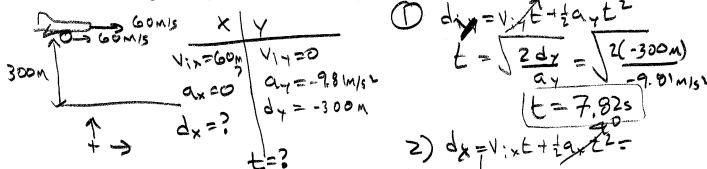
(MONIENTAL) X (VENTICAL)

VIX = CONSTRUT | VIX = 0 = MAGNITUDE 1

AS IT FALLS

QX = 0 | QY = 9.81M/s2

3. Suppose that an airplane flying 60 m/s, at a height of 300m, dropped a sack of flour. How far from the point of release would the sack have traveled when it struck the ground? (Hint: Find the time it takes to hit the ground first)



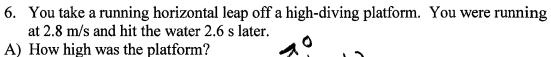
4. A book is pushed with an initial horizontal velocity of 5.0 m/s off the top of a desk. What is the initial vertical velocity of the book?

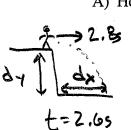
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\begin{align*}
\text{V} = (60 \text{ ms})(7.82s) & \frac{4.69 \text{ m}}{2.82s} \end{align*}

5. A ball is thrown horizontally from the top of a building with an initial velocity of 15 m/s. At the same instant, a second ball is dropped from the top of the building. The two balls have the same:

- (1) paths they fall -
- (2) final velocity as they reach the ground
- (3) initial horizontal velocity
- (4) initial vertical velocity

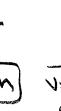
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$$d_{y} = \frac{1}{2} \left(-9.81 \text{ m/s}^{2}\right) \left(2.65\right)^{2}$$

$$d_{y} = -33.2 \text{ m} \Rightarrow \left[33.2 \text{ m}\right]$$



B) What is the vertical speed right before you hit the water?

= (-9.31M, 5-2.65)C) How far away from the platform did you land?

$$q^{x}=3$$

- II. Vector Components (Hint: Sketch a triangle and label the sides)
- 1. A projectile if fired with a velocity of 30 m/s at 60 degrees. Calculate the horizontal and vertical initial speeds.

- 2. A ball is kicked with a horizontal velocity of 8 m/s and vertical velocity of 4 m/s. Calculate the angle if it was kicked at and initial speed.
- 3. A cannon is fired at an angle of 35 degrees. If the horizontal component of its initial speed of 180 m/s, calculate the cannon's initial speed.